# Houston Fire Department PPE Risk Assessment Document

#### Type of duties performed:

Standard Structural Fire Fighting Duties

Interior Fire Fighting

High-Rise Fire Fighting

Fire Victim Rescue

Fire Suppression

Vertical Ventilation

**Horizontal Ventilation** 

Forcible Entry

Overhaul

**Building System Control** 

Vehicle Rescue

Technical Rescue

Hazardous Materials Response

Aircraft Rescue Fire Fighters

**Emergency Medical First Responder** 

Type of PPE Needed: Structural-Yes

**Proximity- No** 

#### Frequency of use of ensemble elements:

Frequency of event is defined as:

- Rare (0 to 1%)
- Routine (1% to 7%)
- Daily (7% to 100%)

### HFD Response from January 1, 2016 - December 31, 2018

Usage of proximity PPE due to high levels of radiant heat,	0.00%	Rare	
Usage of structural PPE during a structural fire response,	100.00%	Daily	
per HFD SOG	100.0076	Daily	

HFD uses structural PPE for fire response per HFD guidelines 100% of the time.

Type of PPE Needed: Structural-Yes **Proximity-No** 

#### Organization's experiences:

PPE Performance at Incidents: See nature of emergencies on chart.

Chart: Three-year frequency of Fire events for HFD.

Frequency of experiences and/or events based specifically on this emergency response data and is explained utilizing the following charts:

## Frequency of event is defined as:

- Rare (0 to 1%)
- Routine (1% to 7%)
- Daily (7% to 100%)

Hou	ston Fir		onse Ke	eport	2017			2018	
	ents	2016		lents			lents		
Nature of Emergency	Total Incidents	Percentile	Frequency	Total Incidents	Percentile	Frequency	Total Incidents	Percentile	Frequency
Aircraft fire	3	0.06	Rare	0	0.00	Rare	1	0.02	Rare
Brush or brush-and-grass mixture fire	150	2.90	Routine	123	2.29	Routine	148		Routine
Building fire	980		Daily	1000	18.62	-	1132	19.15	
Camper or recreational vehicle (RV) fire	4		Rare	10		Rare	6		Rare
Chimney or flue fire, confined to chimney or flue	6		Rare	20		Rare	15		Rare
Commercial Compactor fire, confined to rubbish	1		Rare	6		Rare	12		Rare
Construction or demolition landfill fire	6		Rare	3		Rare	6		Rare
Cooking fire, confined to container	405		Daily	462		Daily	550		Daily
Cultivated vegetation, crop fire, Other	4		Rare	3		Rare	5		Rare
Dumpster or other outside trash receptacle fire	456	550355	Daily	432		Daily	390		Routine
Fire in mobile home used as fixed residence	6		Rare	14		Rare	5		Rare
Fire in mobile prop used as a fixed struc, Other	2		Rare	1		Rare	2		Rare
Fire in motor home, camper, recreational vehicle	11		Rare	3		Rare	10		Rare
Fire in portable building, fixed location	6		Rare	5		Rare	10	-	Rare
Fires in structure other than in a building	111		Routine	110		Routine	124	-	Routine
Forest, woods or wildland fire	23		Rare	22		Rare	20		Rare
Fuel burner/boiler malfunction, fire confined	10		Rare	18		Rare	17		Rare
Garbage dump or sanitary landfill fire	13		Rare	17		Rare	16		Rare
Grass fire	218		Routine	235		Routine	270		Routine
Incinerator overload or malfunction, fire confined	2		Rare	10		Rare	12		Rare
Mobile property (vehicle) fire, Other	198		Routine	273		Routine	293		Routine
Natural vegetation fire, Other	116		Routine	118		Routine	183		Routine
Off-road vehicle or heavy equipment fire	19		Rare	14		Rare	21		Rare
Outside equipment fire	43		Rare	61		Rare	61		Rare
Outside gas or vapor combustion explosion	3		Rare	2		Rare	1		Rare
Outside rubbish fire, Other	358		Routine	399		Daily	481		Daily
Outside rubbish, trash or waste fire	616		Daily	626		Daily	572		Daily
Outside stationary compactor/compacted trash fire	5		Rare	12		Rare	10		Rare
Outside storage fire	10		Rare	14		Rare	16		Rare
Passenger vehicle fire	1160		Daily	1046		Daily	1064		Daily Rare
Rail vehicle fire	1		Rare	72		Rare	90		Rare
Road freight or transport vehicle fire	64		Rare	73		Rare Rare	86 0		Rare
Self-propelled motor home or recreational vehicle	3		Rare	2 89		Rare	66		Rare
Special outside fire, Other	76		Rare			Routine	306		Routine
Trash or rubbish fire, contained	135		Routine	146 0		Rare	306		Rare
Water vehicle fire	6	0.12	Rare		0.00	Nare	0	0.00	Naie
	-	2016			2017	1		2018	l
Total Fire Responses	-	<u>2016</u> 5181		5370			<u>2018</u> 5912		

#### Proximity-No Type of PPE Needed: Structural-Yes

#### Incident

#### **Operations:**

Guidelines and policies are an important tool for the Houston Fire Department and are mandated by the Fire Chief. As such, the following HFD Guidelines apply in answering Question # 4.

Primary Objectives (in order):

- Firefighter Safety Life Safety/Rescue
- В.
- Incident Control/Mitigation C.
- Property Conservation/Environmental Concerns D.

These objectives will be accomplished using a risk vs. benefit analysis. Firefighters should only take large risks when there is a large benefit at stake. Small benefits only deserve a small amount of risk.

- I-00 Volume I
- I-01 Rules & Regulations
- I-16 Motor Vehicle Accidents
- I-23 Fire Station Management
- I-24 Uniform Guideline
- I-25 Occupational Wellness Program
- I-47 Classified Training II-02 Protective Clothing (Logistics/Prof. Devel.)
- II-00 Volume II Glossary
- II-03 Electronic Accountability System
- II-04 Highrise Survey
- II-05 Highrise Firefighting (with Appendix)
- II-06 Incident Management
- II-07 Evacuation and Rescue Boat Operations
- II-08 Rope Rescue
- II-09 Trench Rescue Incidents
- **II-10 Tunnel Rescue Incidents**
- II-11 Water Rescue & Evacuation
- II-12 Confined Space Rescue
- II-14 Hazardous Chemicals Right to Know
- II-15 Hazardous Materials Incidents
- II-17 Rehabilitation Sector
- II-18 Airport Guideline
- II-19 Tactical Evaluation and Assessment Plan
- II-20 Pre-incident Apartment Diagramming
- II-21 Rapid Intervention
- II-22 Africanized Honey Bee Incidents
- II-23 High Angle Rescue
- II-24 MVA and Industrial Accident Extrication
- II-25 Emergency Mobilization Plan
- II-26 DTO-FTO Guideline
- II-27 Chemical Exposure Evaluation
- II-28 Stokes Basket
- II-29 Civil Disorders
- **II-30 Elevator Operations**
- II-31 Hydrant Inspection

II-32 Developing Water Supplies

II-33 Hurricane Guideline

II-34 Water Supply Officer

II-36 Decontamination

II-37 Shipboard Firefighting

II-38 Reporting of Automatic Alarms

**II-39 SCBA Inspections** 

II-41 Weapons of Mass Destruction

II-42 May-Day

II-43 Thermal Imaging Camera

II-44 Fire Hose

II-47 Structure Fire Incidents

II-49 Air Management

### Type of PPE Needed: Structural-Yes Proximity-No

#### □ Geographic location and climate:

Houston, seat of Harris County, Texas, is located on the upper Gulf coastal plain at 9522' West and 2946' North, 50 miles from the Gulf of Mexico.

TOPOGRAPHY: Houston lies largely in the northern portion of the Gulf coastal plain, a 40- to 50-mile-wide swath along the Texas Gulf Coast. Typically, elevation rises approximately one foot per mile inland.

Northern and eastern portions of the area are largely forested; southern and western portions are predominantly prairie grassland; coastal areas are prairie and sand.

Surface water in the Houston region consists of lakes, rivers, and an extensive system of bayous and manmade canals that are part of the rainwater runoff management system. Some 25%-30% of Harris County lies within the 100-year flood plain. Elevation ranges (a.s.l.): Brazoria 0'-146', Chambers 0'-85', Fort Bend 12'-158', Galveston 0'-43', Harris 0'-310', Liberty 0'-269', Montgomery 43'-435', Waller 80'-357'.

The climate of Houston is classified as humid subtropical climate, with tropical influences. August normally ranks as the warmest month at 84.6 °F (29.2 °C) and January the coldest month at 53.1 °F (11.7 °C). The normal annual precipitation measures 49.77 inches (1,264 mm).

#### Type of PPE Needed: Structural-Yes Proximity-No

#### ☐ Specific physical area of operation:

City of Houston: Latitude 29.7604° N, 95.3698° W

Houston, the most populous city in the Southern United States, is located along the upper Texas Gulf Coast, approximately 50 miles (80 km) northwest of the Gulf of Mexico at Galveston. The city, which is the ninth-largest in the United States by area, covers 601.7 square miles (1,558 km2), of which 579.4 square miles (1,501 km2), or 96.3%, is land and 22.3 square miles (58 km2), or 3.7%, is water.

Exterior Operations Interior Operations Outdoors/ Wildland

Type of PPE Needed: Structural-Yes Proximity-No

#### Likelihood of or response to CBRN terrorism incident:

Likelihood of or response to a CBRN terrorism incident
The likelihood of a response to a CBRN terrorism incident is LOW due to the LOW frequency/history of CBRN

incidents in the city of Houston.

Three concerns HFD has regarding a CBRN Incident:

- 1. The increase of Global Terrorism, per the Institute of Economics and Peace.
- 2. The High Severity of human loss
- 3. The High Severity of long term environmental impact

To respond and mitigate a CBRN incident, HFD will refer to the Houston Fire Department Guidelines.

- Subject: Hazardous Materials, Volume NO. II, Reference NO. II -15
- Subject: Weapons of Mass Destruction, Volume NO. II, Reference NO. II -41

Type of PPE Needed: Structural-Yes

Proximity-No

#### **Circle PPE Determined from Assessment**

NFPA 1971 Current Edition Structural Compliant PPE Determined NFPA 1971Current Edition Proximity Compliant PPE Determined

□ NFPA 1971, have been reviewed before purchase of protective clothing. All protective clothing issued to members of the Houston FD shall be compliant with the minimum standards found in NFPA 1971.

□ All ensemble elements considered for purchase have been evaluated for comparative strengths and weaknesses. The interface of all ensemble elements and equipment utilized by the department are considered for proper fit and function.

Sam Peña Fire Chief

Houston Fire Department

5/31/2019