HELPFUL RESOURCES

Houston Department of Health and Human Services
www.houstontx.gov/health

Crisis Intervention of Houston www.crisishotline.org

Depression and Bipolar Support Alliance Houston (DBSA) www.dbsahouston.org

Mental Health of America Houston www.mhahouston.org/forms/ contact-mental-health-americahouston/

National Alliance for the Mentally III (NAMI)

www.nami.org/

National Alliance on Mental Illness-Greater Houston (NAMI) http://namigreaterhouston.org

National Institute of Mental Health http://www.nimh.nih.gov/

Mental Health & Mental Retardation of Harris County
http://

www.mhmraofharriscounty.org/

The Montrose Center www.montrosecounselingcenter.or g

Texas Suicide Preventionhttp://www.texassuicideprevention.org/

U.S Department of Health and Human Services Office of Adolescent Health

http://www.hhs.gov/ash/oah/adolescent-health-topics/index.html

RET INVOLVEN [15, 16, 17, 18

Youth

- If you are angry, worried or sad, don't be afraid to talk about your feelings and reach out to a trusted friend or adult.
- Avoid using alcohol, tobacco and other drugs. These products often make situations worse rather than better.

Parents

- Notice warning signs of mental health problems. Warning signs are not one-time occurrences, rather, they persist over several weeks.
- Talk to your child's health care professional if you have concerns about the way your child behaves at home, in school, or with friends.

School Personnel

- If you see any of the warning signs, talk to the teem. Ask how he or she is doing, and be compassionate as you listen and respond.
- Make sure to share what you've seen and heard with someone who can help the teen such as the teen's parents, a mental health professional or general health professional at school or in the community.
- Implement school education programs to train adults to notice the warning signs of mental health problems.

Community

- Establish partnerships that facilitate dissemination and successful implementation of evidence-based prevention strategies to promote positive mental health behaviors.
- Build community receptivity, capacity, and competence to implement evidence-based approaches to the promotion of positive mental health behaviors.

References and More!

Please visit http://www.houstontx.gov/health/hdhhs-profiles for a full list of references.

Other Titles in this Series:

- Teen Pregnancy & Prevention
- Youth Sexual Health/STIs/HIV
- Youth Violence Prevention
- Teen Dating Violence Prevention
- Youth Immunizations
- Youth Suicide Prevention
- Youth Obesity & Prevention
- Youth Substance Abuse & Prevention
- Youth Bullying & Prevention
- Overall Summary of Teen Health Profiles

For more information, please contact Adolescent Health and Injury Prevention (AHIP) via the Houston Youth Voice, Health, Safety Coalition at: 4youthvoice@houstontx.gov
Facebook: 4youthvoicehouston Twitter: @4youthvoice

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YOUTH IN HOUSTON & HARRIS COUNTY¹³

Population^{*}

Houston: 601,918 (29%) Harris County: 1,263,889 (31%)

Poverty

Children under 18 living below poverty level: Houston: 35.3% Harris County: 27.4%

Education

High School Graduates (ages 18-24):

Houston: 29.3% Harris County: 30.5%

DEMOGRAPHIC SNAPSHOT OF YOUTH*14

Below is a snapshot of the demographics for youth living in Houston and Harris County.

Gender

Houston: Harris County:
Male: 51% Male: 51%
Female: 49% Female: 49%

Age

Houston: Harris County: Under 5 years: 28% 27% 5 to 9 years: 25% 25% 10 to 14 years: 23% 24% 15 to 19 years: 24% 24%

Race/Ethnicity Harris County:

Hispanic: 51% White: 23% Black: 19% Other: 7%

Percentages (youth under the age of 19) are representative of the total Houston/ Harris County population.

Xos of 2010, percentages are based on total population of Houston and/or Harris
County under the age of 19.



Adolescent Health and Injury Prevention (AHIP)

YOUTH MENTAL HEALTH

Profile of the City of Houston & Harris County, Texas

Harris County's population is projected to reach 4.5 million residents by 2020.⁵ Texas has the highest rate of medically uninsured citizens among the states; specifically, Texas is ranked last in per capita mental health funding compared to other states. Additionally, Harris County is ranked 30th out of 34 among community mental health centers in per capita mental health funding. The shortfall in available mental health services for Harris County residents will only worsen as the population grows.

A mental illness is a condition that impacts a person's thinking, feeling or mood affecting his or her ability to relate to others and function on a daily basis. Each person will have different experiences, even people with the same diagnosis.⁶

50% of all chronic mental illness begins by age 14 years and **75%** by 24 years. 7

Among the mental health "red flags" you should be alert for are:8

- Excessive sleeping, beyond usual teenage fatigue, which could indicate depression or substance abuse; difficulty in sleeping, insomnia and other sleep disorders.
- Loss of self-esteem.
- Abandonment or loss of interest in favorite activities.
- Unexpected and dramatic decline in academic performance.
- Weight loss and loss of appetite which could indicate an eating disorder.
- Personality shifts and changes, such as aggressiveness and excess anger that are sharply out of character and could indicate psychological, drug or sexual problems.

Consequences of untreated mental illness may include:⁹

- 1. School failure or dropout
- 2. Juvenile detention or criminal justice involvement
- 3. Victimization
- 4. Acute psychiatric crises, including suicide
- 5. Unemployment
- 6. Homelessness

"With medication, psychotherapy, or combined treatment, most youth with depression can be effectively treated. Youth are more likely to respond to treatment if they receive it early in the course of their illness." - National Institute of Mental Health

HARRIS COUNTY DATA⁹

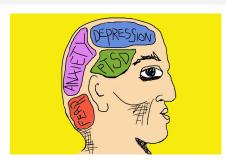
Of the 750,000 children and adolescents in Harris County between the ages of 6 and 18 (2010 Census), nearly **150,000** have a mental illness.

⇒ Of those **89,162** have a **serious emotional disturbance**, which includes but is not limited to anxiety, bipolar, depression and eating disorders.

In 2012, **19,300** children and adolescents with serious emotional disturbance needed services from the public mental health system

- ⇒ Of those **74%** received none.
- ⇒ 186,000 children living in Harris County have a mental condition that requires treatment.

Almost **69%** of children referred to the Harris County Juvenile Probation Department have a diagnosable mental condition.



ISSUES IN MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT⁹

MENTAL HEALTH¹⁰ ¹¹

- Insufficient funding for the medically uninsured.
- Treatment facilities do not have enough capacity to meet needs.
- De-compensation into crises or incarceration due to lack of financial means.
- Harris County's loss of access to state-funded inpatient care.
- Less access to private care.
- Lack of integrated care with other health care areas such as substance abuse.

30% of children who experience a traumatic event develop **Post Traumatic Stress Disorder** (PTSD).¹⁰

Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder is one of the most common mental disorders in children, affecting **11%** of youth. ¹¹

Each year, approximately 3% of US adolescents are affected by an eating disorder, such as anorexia and bulimia. 12

A total of 13%-20% of youth living in the United States experience a mental disorder in any given year. 13

WHAT WORKS?

The programs listed below are a compilation of initiatives, campaigns, and programs that are research informed, apply best practices and have the potential to be implemented in various settings. Below are some examples of these types of programs for mental health issues.

Drogram	What Is It?	Website
Program	vviidt is it:	website
Adolescent Coping with Depression (CWD—A)*	The Adolescent Coping with Depression course is a cognitive behavioral group intervention that targets specific problems typically experienced by depressed adolescents. These problems include discomfort and anxiety, irrational/negative thoughts, poor social skills, and limited experiences of pleasant activities.	http://www.nrepp.samhsa.gov/ ViewIntervention.aspx?id=11
Behavior Management through Adventure*	Behavior Management through Adventure is a form of outdoor therapy for youth with behavioral, psychological, and learning disabilities; students excluded from school for disciplinary reasons; and juvenile offenders.	http://www.nrepp.samhsa.gov/ ViewIntervention.aspx?id=260
Multisystemic Family Therapy (MDFT) *	A family- and community-based treatment serving youth with serious clinical problems such as violence, substance abuse and mental illness.	http://mstservices.com/
Mental Health First Aid*	Mental Health First Aid is a public education program designed to improve participants' knowledge and modify their attitudes and perceptions about mental health and related issues, including how to respond to individuals who are experiencing one or more acute mental health crises or are in the early stages of one or more chronic mental health problems.	http://www.nrepp.samhsa.gov/ ViewIntervention.aspx?id=321

^{*}Denotes evidence based program as listed by SAMSHA—National Registry of Evidence-based Programs and Practices

Recommendations:⁹

- 1. Realign resources from crisis services to preventative and ongoing care.
- 2. Support integrated care for individuals with behavioral disorders.
- 3. Integrate mental health with related services such as housing and residential services.
- 4. Increase number of mental health professionals.
- 5. Support local control and accountability for public mental health services.



Related Policies and Policy Implications:¹⁴

Senate Bill 831 requires the Texas Department of State Health Services to provide and annually update a list of recommended best practice programs in mental health, substance abuse, and suicide prevention that may be selected for implementation by public schools.

House Bill 642 requires that continuing education for classroom teachers and principals include recognizing early warning signals that a child is at risk for dropping out, including students with mental health disorders.

House Bill 3793 addresses training employees of community centers and certain educators in Mental Health First Aid.