

LANDMARK DESIGNATION REPORT

LANDMARK/SITE NAME: Oriental Textile Mill

OWNER: Jonathan Grenader

APPLICANT: Houston Archaeological and Historical Commission

LOCATION: 2201 Lawrence Street - (aka 611 W. 22nd Street and 629 W. 22nd Street) - Houston Heights MRA

HEARING NOTICE: Oct-13-2006

AGENDA ITEM: III.s

HPO FILE NO.: 06L153

DATE ACCEPTED: N/A

HAHC HEARING DATE: Nov-16-06

P.C. MEETING DATE: Nov-30-06

SITE INFORMATION

Lots 31 through 48, Block 53, Houston Heights Subdivision, City of Houston, Harris County, Texas. The building on the site is a large, brick, industrial structure.

TYPE OF APPROVAL REQUESTED: Landmark Designation

HISTORY AND SIGNIFICANCE SUMMARY:

The Oriental Textile Mill was individually listed in the National Register of Historic Places on June 22, 1983. It is included within the boundaries of Houston Heights, which was designated as a Multiple Resource Area (MRA) by the National Register Program on June 22, 1983.

HISTORY AND SIGNIFICANCE:

The Oriental Textile Mill was built for A. R. Morey and Company, a mattress manufacturing company, in 1893-94. It was one of the first industrial complexes in Houston Heights, and is the last of those early structures remaining. Best known as the site of the Oriental Textile Mill, the mill even had a complex of small homes, now gone, for many of its workers. The mill employed many residents of the western section of the Heights.

The building is a complex of several large brick buildings connected to each other. The main building is two stories high, with a flat roof, a brick cornice below a parapet, corner brick piers, brick hood molds over paired windows with metal casements, and windows of four-over-four lights on the first floor, six-over-six lights on the second floor.

In addition to the main two-story building is a four-story square brick tower three bays wide with a corbelled top surmounted by a fifth floor faced with ashlar. The top story has two elongated, arched windows under a clock, all within an arched bay extending above a stone cornice. The parapet has a pediment-like peak in its center, and on the summit of the tower is a flagpole. The tower windows are double hung with six-over-six lights. The original main entrance to the mill was probably in the tower, not in a newer side addition.

Houston Heights was designated a MRA because it was at one time an independent municipality. Within its original boundaries are numerous historic buildings, many of which are individually listed in the National Register of Historic Places. Houston Heights was developed by the Omaha and South Texas Land Company in 1891. It was incorporated as a city in 1896, and at that time, was the earliest and largest totally planned community in Texas. It flourished as a distinct municipality until the residents voted to be annexed by the City of Houston in 1918.

Today, the area still maintains the feeling of a distinctive, self-contained "small town" with its predominantly small 19th-century, one-story and two-story Victorian-era homes, and numerous early 20th-century bungalow

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style buildings. It also boasts a thriving business district on 19th Street (now predominantly antique shops and restaurants) and a large industrial district west of the business section. Also located in the neighborhood are a number of historic churches, theatres, corner stores, private and public parks, municipal facilities, schools, the Heights Branch Library, and the original Houston Heights City Hall and Fire Station building, both of which have been designated as Landmarks as well as Protected Landmarks of the City of Houston.

At the March 13, 1997 public hearing of the Houston Archaeological and Historical Commission (HAHC), the HAHC discussed the expiration of the two-year temporary designation of all landmarks that City Council had previously designated when the Historic Preservation Ordinance was adopted on March 1, 1995. Since the designation had expired, the HAHC requested that the planning staff contact the owners of these landmarks to determine their interest in the HAHC initiating an application for permanent Landmark designation. Owners have been contacted on four occasions in the past and advised that the HAHC would initiate the designation of their buildings for them. Most recently, a letter from Mayor Bill White was sent certified on July 11, 2006 to each property owner of a National Register designated site in Houston Heights, once again encouraging the property owner to support the HAHC in initiating the designation of their historic building as a Landmark of the City of Houston. The letter asked that the property owner respond ONLY if they did not want the HAHC to initiate designation, and included a list of the benefits of designation. On August 24, 2006, the HAHC voted unanimously to initiate the designation of this building as a Landmark of the City of Houston, with the application for designation to be considered at the HAHC meeting on September 21, 2006.

The HAHC had previously instructed the planning staff that if any landmark had been designated by the National Register program (N.R.), as a Recorded Texas Historic Landmark (RTHL), a State Archaeological Site (SAL), or a temporary landmark of the City of Houston, then the application would be considered for permanent Landmark designation on that merit alone, because all of the required information has been filed to obtain status. Therefore, regarding the preparation of the application, HAHC agreed to consider the application with minimal information provided to them.

RESTORATION HISTORY/CURRENT CONDITION:

The building has not been altered inappropriately since the National Register designation and is maintained in a historic manner by the current owner.

APPROVAL CRITERIA FOR LANDMARK DESIGNATION:

Sec. 33-224. Criteria for designation of a Landmark.

(a) The HAHC and the commission, in making recommendations with respect to designation, and the city council, in making a designation, shall consider one or more of the following criteria, as appropriate for the type of designation:

S	NA	S - satisfies	D - does not satisfy	NA - not applicable
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(1) Whether the building, structure, object, site or area possesses character, interest or value as a visible reminder of the development, heritage, and cultural and ethnic diversity of the city, state, or nation;		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	(2) Whether the building, structure, object, site or area is the location of a significant local, state or national event;		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	(3) Whether the building, structure, object, site or area is identified with a person who, or group or event that, contributed significantly to the cultural or historical development of the city, state, or nation;		

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- (4) Whether the building or structure or the buildings or structures within the area exemplify a particular architectural style or building type important to the city;
- (5) Whether the building or structure or the buildings or structures within the area are the best remaining examples of an architectural style or building type in a neighborhood;
- (6) Whether the building, structure, object or site or the buildings, structures, objects or sites within the area are identified as the work of a person or group whose work has influenced the heritage of the city, state, or nation;
- (7) Whether specific evidence exists that unique archaeological resources are present;
- (8) Whether the building, structure, object or site has value as a significant element of community sentiment or public pride.

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

Staff recommends that the Houston Planning Commission accept the recommendation of the Houston Archaeological and Historical Commission and recommend to City Council the Landmark Designation of the Oriental Textile Mill at 2201 Lawrence Street.

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SITE LOCATION MAP
ORIENTAL TEXTILE MILL
2201 LAWRENCE STREET
NOT TO SCALE

